

PTL Notes

Tuition Fee Loan, Tuition Fee Grant and Course Grant application notes for new and returning part-time students 2024/25



About these notes

These notes should be read with your part-time Tuition Fee Loan, Tuition Fee Grant and Course Grant application form.

Returning your form

Send your completed form and any documents to:

Student Finance NI – Part-Time office Ballee Centre Ballee Road West Ballymena BT42 2HS

Timescale for returning your form

Your form should be returned within nine months of the start of your academic year, otherwise you may lose your entitlement to student finance.

Make sure you pay the correct postage.

Find out more

You can find out more information about part-time student finance by:

- going to www.studentfinanceni.co.uk
- reading our part-time guides
- speaking to your university or college
- calling us on 0300 100 0077

Other information

The Student Loans Company Limited (SLC) and the Department for the Economy are joint Data Controllers under the Data Protection Legislation. We hold information for the purposes specified in our notification to the Information Commissioner including determining eligibility for student finance, assessing the maximum amount of financial support available, payment of student finance and the detection and prevention of fraud, and may use this information for any of these.

For further details about the way your information is used, who is responsible for it and the rights you have in connection with it, please refer to our full Privacy Notice available online at: **www.studentfinanceni.co.uk/privacynotice**

If you don't have internet access, please call us on 0300 100 0077 and we can send a copy to you.

Alternative formats

You can order forms and guides in Braille, large print or audio by emailing your name, address and Customer Reference Number, if you have one, along with what form and format you require to: **brailleandlargefonts@slc.co.uk** or you can call us on **0141 243 3686**. Please note the email address and telephone number can only deal with requests for alternative formats of forms and guides.

Section 1 - your details

1.1	Customer Reference Number		Your Customer Reference Number is your personal reference number and is 11 digits long. You'll have one of these if you've previously had a student loan or any other student finance from the Student Loans Company Limited (SLC) or the Education Authority. You may also have one if you've given financial information for another student's application. If you don't have one, or don't know what your Customer Reference Number is, leave this blank.
1.2	Personal details	1	If you have been granted 'Leave to Remain' as a Stateless Person, you can answer 'None' or 'Stateless' in the Nationality box.
1.3	National Insurance number		 If you have a National Insurance number but don't provide it, payment of your loan(s) will be withheld and you'll have to fund your own tuition fees until you've resolved this. You'll find your National Insurance number on any of the following: your National Insurance number card or letter a payslip an income tax document such as a P45 or P60 If you've never been given a National Insurance number, leave the National Insurance number boxes blank. We'll contact you if you need to take any action to obtain a National Insurance number.
1.4	Expired UK or ROI passport	1	If your UK/ROI passport has expired you'll need to send other documents to prove your identity.
1.5	Valid UK or ROI passport	e	You need to provide your valid UK passport details on the form or send us your original valid ROI passport. If you provide your UK passport details, you do not need to send your passport to us. If you send us your original valid ROI passport, we will return your document as soon as possible.
1.7	Non-UK passport	•	If you don't have a valid UK or ROI passport you must send: • your original UK or ROI birth or adoption certificate (this would include a UK birth certificate issued by a British Consulate abroad) and a completed Birth/ Adoption Certificate form. If you're a non-UK national, we'll ask you for some identity information at section 3.

Section 1 - your details continued

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1.7	Non-UK passport	٢	The Birth/Adoption Certificate form contains two separate declarations. The Declaration of Identity must be signed by yourself to confirm your identity. The Identity Confirmation is to verify your identity and must be completed by a person of good standing in the community (for example, a teacher, solicitor, civil servant or police officer) who has known you for at least two years. You can download a Birth/Adoption Certificate Declaration form at www.studentfinanceni.co.uk Please use your full name, as it appears on your passport or birth certificate. If your name has changed from the name that appears on your birth certificate or passport, please send the relevant evidence confirming this and give details of any previous names you have had in the additional notes section at the back of the PTL form. If you have lost your birth certificate you should get a replacement by contacting the Register Office in the sub- district where your birth was registered. Your documents will be returned to you as soon as possible.
1.8	Relationship status		 Your partner is defined as follows: your husband/wife your civil partner your opposite sex partner if you live with your partner as though you were married or in a civil partnership or your same sex partner if you live with your partner as though you were married or in a civil partnership. Please give us your most up to date relationship status. For example, if you are currently living with a partner but are also divorced, you should tick living with a partner and not send any evidence of your divorce.
	Separated, divorced or dissolved civil partnership Widowed or surviving civil partn	e	 You need to send: decree absolute; or dissolution order; or a final or conditional order; or a letter from your solicitor confirming your status; or original death certificate If you have previously sent the evidence above you do
			not have to send it again.
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1.9	Contact Address	1	We'll use this address to send you letters or to return your evidence. This can require a signature, so please provide a secure address and avoid using temporary or PO Box addresses. You can update your address at any time by logging into your online account or by calling us.

Section 2 - previous support and qualification history

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- 2.3 Honours degree from a UK, ROI or overseas educational institution
- If you already hold an honours degree from a UK, ROI or overseas institution you will not be eligible for any part-time grants or Tuition Fee Loan.

However you should answer 'No' to this question if:

- you previously started a course which led to a first degree (for example, BA, BSc or BEd) but didn't finish it; or
- you hold a qualification that is not a first degree (for example, HND, HNC or Dip HE).

Section 3 - residence

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- 3.1 Where do you normally live when you're not studying?
- 3.2 UK national

If you have a British Forces Post Office address, you should give this. We use this address to make sure you're completing the correct student finance application.

If you answer 'Yes' to this question, you must provide your UK passport details on the form, or send your birth certificate as evidence of your nationality. If you were born outside the UK and have a British birth certificate issued by a British Consulate, send this instead of your passport, a letter or other document.

If you have provided your UK passport details in section 1, you do not need to send any further evidence of your UK nationality.

Armed forces

If you, your parents or partner are members of the armed forces, you must apply for student finance in the UK country where you/they enlisted unless they are permanently living in another area of the UK.

We can accept certified photocopies of your residency evidence, stamped with your unit stamp. You should use your BFPO address for all correspondence.

3.3 Irish citizen

If you answer 'Yes' to this question, you must send your **original** ROI passport or national identity card.

- 3.4 Family member of a UK national
- By family member, you must be the:
 - husband, wife, civil partner; or
 - direct descendant
 - of a UK national.

If you answer 'Yes' to this question, you must provide evidence to show you are the family member of a UK national by sending their passport.

A direct descendant is defined as the biological child, grandchild, great-grandchild and so on, of a person. For example, you are a direct descendant of your mother, your grandmother, your great-grandmother, and so on. You must also send proof of your relationship to the UK

national. This may be:

- your marriage or civil partnership certificate; or
- a long birth certificate showing your name and the UK national's name; and
- the marriage or civil partnership certificate if you or the UK national are a step-child.

If you are claiming student finance as the direct descendant of a UK national, the term means a person 'under the age of 21; or dependants of the person or the person's spouse or civil partner.'

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b1**.

3.5 Settled or pre-settled status under the EU Settlement Scheme • You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b1**.

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3.6 Child of a Swiss national

Your parent or step-parent must have been granted settled or pre-settled status through the EU Settlement Scheme. You must have settled or pre-settled status and be ordinarily resident in the UK, Gibraltar, the EEA or Switzerland for three years prior to the first day of your first academic year.

• You must send evidence to show your proof of relationship by sending us **your** birth certificate or equivalent.

To get student finance as the child of a Swiss national, your Swiss national parent must be resident in the UK on the first day of the academic year. We need a signed letter from your Swiss national parent stating their UK address, and that they live there on the first day of the academic year. They must also send **one** of the following documents:

- bank statement
- payslip
- tenancy agreement/mortgage statement
- utility bill
- local authority correspondence
- government department correspondence

You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question **b2**.

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3.7 EEA or Swiss worker

To get student finance as the family member of an EEA or Swiss national who is working, has worked or is looking for work in the UK, you and your family member must have been granted settled or pre-settled status through the EU Settlement Scheme.

My family member is my:

- husband, wife, civil partner;
- parent(s), step-parent;
- child or step-child (only applicable to EEA worker family members);
- other direct ascending or descending line family member (only applicable to EEA worker family members).

A direct descendant is defined as the biological child, grandchild, great-grandchild and so on, of a person. For example, you are a direct descendant of your mother, your grandmother, your great-grandmother, and so on.

A direct relative in the ascending line is defined as the biological parent, grandparent, great-grandparent and so on, of a person. You are a direct relative in the ascending line of your child, grandchild, great-grandchild, and so on.

Other family relationships are excluded from the definitions above.

You must send evidence to show your proof of relationship by sending us **your** birth certificate or equivalent.

 As proof of the current employment status of the EEA or Swiss national who is working, has worked or is looking for work, one of the following must be provided as evidence:

- a P60 or a letter from employer if currently working;
- audited accounts, tax returns or details of income if self-employed;
- a letter from employer confirming the intention to continue working whilst studying;
- P45, P60 or letter from previous employer if currently looking for work or previously worked in the UK.

If your child, son or daughter-in-law or child's civil partner is the worker you must be dependent on them.

For children of EEA workers, the term 'child' means a person 'under the age of 21; or dependant of the person or the person's spouse or civil partner.' This does not apply in cases where the EEA worker parent has died or left the UK and the child is staying on in the UK to finish their education.

3.7	EEA or Swiss worker - continued (e)	 If you were granted this leave You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question b1. If your family member was granted this leave You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question b2.
2 0	Child of a Turkish worker	
3.8	Child of a Turkish worker	To get student finance as the child of a Turkish worker, your Turkish parent must be working in the UK on the first day of your course. You must be ordinarily resident in the UK, Gibraltar, the EEA, Switzerland or Turkey for three years prior to the first day of your first academic year. You must send evidence to show your proof of relationship by sending us your birth certificate or equivalent.
		As proof of your parent's employment in the UK, you must send their contract of employment.
		You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question b2 .
3.9	Afghan Relocation and Assistance Policy (ARAP) or the Afghan Citizens Resettlement Scheme (ACRS)	If you were granted this leave You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question b3. Expiry date If you were granted this status without an expiry date you should mark the expiry date box as N/A (not applicable). If your family member was granted this leave
	e	You should send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status.
		 Expiry date If your: husband, wife, civil partner; or parent(s), step-parent were granted this status without an expiry date you should mark the expiry date box as N/A (not applicable). You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question b4. Afghan Locally Employed Staff Ex-Gratia Scheme This scheme was for previous employees of the UK government who resigned or were made redundant from their post. Afghan nationals relocated to the UK under this scheme are not eligible for student funding.

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3.10 Settled status

'Settled status' means that you can live in the UK permanently without the Home Office placing any restrictions on how long you may remain.

You are free from any restriction if any of the following apply:

- you are a British citizen; or
- you have been granted 'indefinite leave to enter or remain'. or
- you have a right of abode in the UK.

Further information about immigration issues can be obtained from the Home Office at **www.homeoffice.gov.uk** You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b1**.

3.11 Ukraine Scheme

(i) If you were granted this leave

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question b3.

If your family member was granted this leave

You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you. You must have been the spouse or civil partner of the person with leave on the date of the leave application.

If you're the child or step-child of the person with leave, you must have been the child or step-child on the date of leave application, and also under the age of 18 on that date.

You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question **b4**.

3.12 Refugee status

• You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you.

If you are claiming student finance as the child or stepchild of a refugee, you will only be considered a 'child' if you were under the age of 18 at the time of your parent's application to the Home Office.

If you are claiming student finance as the husband, wife or civil partner of a refugee, you must have been their husband, wife or civil partner at the time of their application for asylum.

Expiry date

If you or your:

- husband, wife, civil partner; or
- parent(s), step-parent

were granted refugee status without an expiry date you should mark the expiry date box as N/A (not applicable).

If you were granted this leave

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question b3.

If your family member was granted this leave

You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question **b4**.

3.13 & 3.14 Discretionary Leave to (e) Remain

You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you.

If you are claiming student finance as the child or stepchild of someone who has been granted this status, you will only be considered a 'child' if you were under the age of 18 at the time of your parent's application to the Home Office.

If you are claiming student finance as the husband, wife or civil partner of someone who has been granted this status, you must have been their husband, wife or civil partner at the time of their application.

Expiry date

If you or your:

- husband, wife, civil partner; or
- parent(s), step-parent

were granted Discretionary Leave to Remain without an expiry date, you should mark the expiry date box as N/A (not applicable).

If you were granted this leave

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b3**.

If your family member was granted this leave

You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question **b4**.

3.15 Humanitarian Protection

• You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you.

If you are claiming student finance as the child or stepchild of a person granted Humanitarian Protection, you will only be considered a 'child' if you were under the age of 18 at the time of your parent's application to the Home Office.

If you are claiming student finance as the husband, wife or civil partner of someone who has been granted Humanitarian Protection, you must have been their husband, wife or civil partner at the time of their application for asylum.

If you were granted this leave

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question b3.

If your family member was granted this leave

You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question b4.

3.16 SI	tateless Person		You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you. If you are claiming student finance as the child or step-child of a person granted 'Leave to Remain' as a Stateless Person, you will only be considered a 'child' if you were under the age of 18 at the time of your parent's application to the UK Home Office. If you are claiming student finance as the husband, wife or civil partner of someone who has been granted 'Leave to Remain' as a Stateless Person, you must have been their husband, wife or civil partner at the time of their application. If you were granted this leave You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question b3. If your family member was granted this leave You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question b4.
	ictim of domestic violence or buse	1	If you are claiming student finance as the child or step- child of a person granted 'Indefinite Leave to Enter or Remain' in the UK as a victim of domestic violence or abuse:
			 you must have a form of Indefinite Leave to Enter or Remain;
			 you will only be considered a 'child' if you were under the age of 18 at the time of your parent's application to the UK Home Office; and
			 you must have been their child at the time of your parent's application for Indefinite Leave to Enter or Remain.
			If you were granted this leave
			You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question b3 .
			If your family member was granted this leave
			You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question b4 .

Section 3 - reside	Section 3 - residence continued			
3.18 Section 67 of the Immigration Act 2016	•	You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you. You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question b3 .		
3.19 Calais leave	•	You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you. You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question b3 .		
3.20 Bereaved partner		 You need to send evidence of your relationship to the person who holds the status if it is not you. If you are claiming student finance as the child or stepchild of a person granted 'Indefinite Leave to Enter or Remain' in the UK as a bereaved partner: you must have a form of indefinite leave to enter or remain; you will only be considered a 'child' if you were under the age of 18 at the time of your parent's application to the UK Home Office; and you must have been their child at the time of your parent's application for Indefinite Leave to Enter or Remain. If you were granted this leave You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question b3 If your family member was granted this leave You need to give us some details about you and your family member's identity and residency at question b4. 		

3.21 & 3.22 Long residency

To be eligible for support under the long residence category you must have lawful ordinary residence in the UK and Islands for the three-year period before the first day of the first academic year of your course and must be resident in Northern Ireland. This means you must have held a form of Leave to Remain issued by the Home Office for the whole of the three-year period before the first day of the first academic year of your course.

If you are under 18 on the first day of the first academic year of your course, you must also have lived in the UK for at least seven years.

If you are 18 or above on the first day of the first academic year of your course, you must also have lived in the UK for at least half of your life or 20 years.

You should also send any of the following:

- school letter and records on headed paper, signed by the Deputy Head or Head Teacher within the school. The letter and records should confirm dates you were in attendance at the school;
- · letter from a GP;
- confirmation of university/college attendance;
- rates bill;
- payslips/P60/P45/self-assessed tax return; or
- confirmation of employment from your employer. This should be on company headed paper and signed by a senior member of staff with contact details provided.

You need to give us some details about your identity and residency at question **b1**.

If you have answered 'No' to all questions in this section, you are not eligible for student finance from Student Finance NI. You may still be able to get tuition fee only funding. For more information on tuition fee only funding go to **www.studentfinanceni.co.uk**

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c2 Residency status

Date study begins between	Date academic year begins
1 August until 31 December inclusive	1 September
1 January until 31 March inclusive	1 January
1 April until 30 June inclusive	1 April
1 July until 31 July inclusive	1 July

c3 Residency status

We require this information because your family member's residence history may affect your eligibility for student finance. Make sure this person knows you are giving us their details.

If you were under 18 years old in the three years before the first day of the first academic year of your course, we need this information as we assume that you were resident in the same place as your parents. If they lived or worked outside of:

- the UK and Islands, or
- in the case of an EEA or Swiss national, outside of the UK, Gibraltar, EEA or Switzerland in the three years before the first day of the first academic year of your course, we'll ask for evidence to show that this was a temporary break in residence.

If you have a spouse or partner, we assume that you have been resident in the same place as them. If they lived or worked outside of:

- the UK and Islands, or
- in the case of an EEA or Swiss national, outside of the UK, Gibraltar, EEA or Switzerland

in the three years before the first day of the first academic year of your course, we'll ask for evidence to show that this was a temporary break in residence.

Section 4 - your part-time course

4.2	Full course name		You should check the name of your course with your university or college. If the course details you give us can't be confirmed yet, your student funding may be delayed. Only designated courses are eligible for support. Your university or college should be able to tell you whether your course is a designated course.
4.7	Course length		You should answer this in whole years. You should work this out assuming that you will study continuously, even if you have different plans. Your university or college will be able to tell you how long, in total, your course will take to complete. You must be planning to complete your course in no more than four times the time it would take you to finish it on a full-time basis. If you are studying at a faster rate than this, you may be able to receive more Tuition Fee Grant, subject to your financial circumstances. See the booklet 'A Guide to Financial Support for Part-Time Students in Higher Education 2024/25' for information on Tuition Fee Grant rates applicable depending on your study rate.
4.8	Current year of course	1	You should tell us what year of your course you're going into, not the year of your studies. For example if you're repeating the first year of your course, you should answer 'first'
4.9	Tuition Fee amount charged	1	If you're not sure how much you're being charged for tuition fees, speak to your university or college to find out. You must specify an amount for your form to be accepted.

4.10	Distance learning	0	Do not complete this form if you are studying full-time and are attending your university or college regularly instead of studying by distance learning. You should complete this form if you are studying by distance learning including a full-time distance learning course.
			Do not complete this form if you are studying a full-time distance learning course because you have a disability that prevents you from attending; contact our Customer Support Office on 0300 100 0077 for advice. If you are not sure, your university or college will tell you whether your course is designated as distance learning or not.
	Armed Forces		You may be eligible for support to study a distance learning course outside of Northern Ireland if you or your family member (who you live with) is currently serving outside Northern Ireland in one of the following:
			 The Naval Service (Royal Navy and Royal Marines); The Army; The Royal Air Force; The Royal Military Police; or The Gurkhas.
			 The following family members will be eligible students: a spouse or civil partner living with a member of the UK Armed Forces serving outside Northern Ireland a child, step-child or adoptive child living with a member of the UK Armed Forces serving outside Northern Ireland a dependent parent living with either; a child who is a member of the UK Armed Forces serving outside Northern Ireland the child's spouse or civil partner who is a member
			of the UK Armed Forces serving outside Northern Ireland.

4.10 Distance learning - continued

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If you are in the Armed Forces

You need to send a letter confirming your name, your address (or BFPO address) and which country you were ordinarily resident in before you were based at your current location.

If your family member is in the Armed Forces, you need to send a letter confirming the following:

- their name
- their address (or BFPO address)
- your name
- their relationship to you
- · where they're currently based
- if you have been ordinarily resident in the UK, which country they were ordinarily resident in before they were based at their current location
- if you've never been ordinarily resident in the UK, which country they signed up for the Armed Forces in.

The letter you send must be signed, stamped and dated by the Armed Forces Unit Records Office.

Section 6 - your loan request

 6.1 Loan payments We'll pay your Tuition Fee Loan directly to your university or college in three instalments within the academic year. The first payment of the Tuition Fee Loan is made after we receive confirmation from your university or college that you're in attendance on your course. Loan liability You'll be liable for your Tuition Fee Loan two weeks after the first day of term 1, and at the start of terms 2 and 3, not the dates the instalments are paid to your university or college. Liability You'll be liable for your Tuition Fee Loan the dates the instalments are paid to your university or college. Liability You'll be liable for your Tuition Fee Loan the dates the instalments are paid to your university or college. Liability Yo total Tuition Fee Loan the tay ou'll be liable for Term 1 25% Term 2 50% Term 3 100% Interest Interest Interest is added to your loan balance from the day the first loan payment is made to your university or college. You can find out more about this and the current interest rate at www.gov.uk/repaying-your-student-loan Changing your loan amount You can change the amount of loan you originally requested by completing a Tuition Fee Loan Request form. The Tuition Fee Loan Request form is available to download at www.studentfinanceni.co.uk or call us on 0300 100 0077 to request a copy. 							
Indentable to planted the first day of term 1, and at the start of terms 2 and 3, not the dates the instalments are paid to your university or college. Liability % of total Tuition Fee Loan that you'll be liable for Term 1 25% Term 2 50% Term 3 100% Interest Interest is added to your loan balance from the day the first loan payment is made to your university or college. You can find out more about this and the current interest rate at www.gov.uk/repaying-your-student-loan Changing your loan amount Image the amount of loan you originally requested by completing a Tuition Fee Loan Request form. The Tuition Fee Loan Request form is available to download at www.studentfinanceni.co.uk or call us on	6.1	Loan payments		or college in three instalments within the academic year. The first payment of the Tuition Fee Loan is made after we receive confirmation from your university or college			
Indentable to planted the first day of term 1, and at the start of terms 2 and 3, not the dates the instalments are paid to your university or college. Liability % of total Tuition Fee Loan that you'll be liable for Term 1 25% Term 2 50% Term 3 100% Interest Interest is added to your loan balance from the day the first loan payment is made to your university or college. You can find out more about this and the current interest rate at www.gov.uk/repaying-your-student-loan Changing your loan amount Image the amount of loan you originally requested by completing a Tuition Fee Loan Request form. The Tuition Fee Loan Request form is available to download at www.studentfinanceni.co.uk or call us on							
Interest Interest is added to your loan balance from the day the first loan payment is made to your university or college. You can find out more about this and the current interest rate at www.gov.uk/repaying-your-student-loan Changing your loan amount Image: Completing a Tuition Fee Loan Request form. The Tuition Fee Loan Request form is available to download at www.studentfinanceni.co.uk or call us on		Loan liability		the first day of term 1, and at the start of terms 2 and 3, not the dates the instalments are paid to your university			
Interest Interest is added to your loan balance from the day the first loan payment is made to your university or college. You can find out more about this and the current interest rate at www.gov.uk/repaying-your-student-loan Changing your loan amount Image: The transmitted output to the transmitted output tequested by completing a Tuition Fee Loan Request form. The Tuition Fee Loan Request form is available to download at www.studentfinanceni.co.uk or call us on				Liability			
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Interest is added to your loan balance from the day the first loan payment is made to your university or college. You can find out more about this and the current interest rate at www.gov.uk/repaying-your-student-loan Changing your loan amount Image the amount of loan you originally requested by completing a Tuition Fee Loan Request form. The Tuition Fee Loan Request form is available to download at www.studentfinanceni.co.uk or call us on			Term 3	100%			
Interest is added to your loan balance from the day the first loan payment is made to your university or college. You can find out more about this and the current interest rate at www.gov.uk/repaying-your-student-loan Changing your loan amount Image the amount of loan you originally requested by completing a Tuition Fee Loan Request form. The Tuition Fee Loan Request form is available to download at www.studentfinanceni.co.uk or call us on							
requested by completing a Tuition Fee Loan Request form. The Tuition Fee Loan Request form is available to download at www.studentfinanceni.co.uk or call us on		Interest	0	first loan payment is made to y You can find out more about th	our university or college.		
requested by completing a Tuition Fee Loan Request form. The Tuition Fee Loan Request form is available to download at www.studentfinanceni.co.uk or call us on							
		Changing your loan amount		requested by completing a Tui form. The Tuition Fee Loan Re download at www.studentfinanceni.co.uk	ition Fee Loan Request equest form is available to a or call us on		

Section 7 - about your husband, wife, civil partner or partner



Your partner is defined as follows:

- your husband/wife
- your civil partner
- your opposite sex partner if you live with your partner as though you were married or in a civil partnership **or**
- your same sex partner if you live with your partner as though you were married or in a civil partnership.

Section 8 - financial details

8.1	State benefits	1	If you are not married or in a civil partnership, but are living with a partner as defined in section 7 of these notes, we will take your partner's income into account.
		e	You need to send us evidence of the benefit received by you or your husband, wife, civil partner or partner. You do not need to provide any other financial details. Send us:
			 a photocopy of the document you received from the agency or authority telling you about the benefit; or
			• a completed 'Confirmation of Benefits' (CB1) form with your application.
			The evidence you send must show entitlement to benefit at the time of your application.
			You can download a copy of form CB1 from www.studentfinanceni.co.uk or call us on 0300 100 0077 to request a copy.
8.2	Gross income from salary or wages	1	Your gross income means income before deductions from:
8.2	•	0	Your gross income means income before deductions
8.2	•	1	Your gross income means income before deductions from:
8.2	•	0	Your gross income means income before deductions from: • salary/wages;
8.2	•	1	Your gross income means income before deductions from: • salary/wages; • overtime;
8.2	•		Your gross income means income before deductions from: • salary/wages; • overtime; • bonuses; and/or
8.2	•		Your gross income means income before deductions from: • salary/wages; • overtime; • bonuses; and/or • commission. We require these figures for tax year 2023-24, normally this will be the year ending 5 April 2024, but this may differ if your employer or business has a tax year which
8.2	•		 Your gross income means income before deductions from: salary/wages; overtime; bonuses; and/or commission. We require these figures for tax year 2023-24, normally this will be the year ending 5 April 2024, but this may differ if your employer or business has a tax year which doesn't end in April, or you start your course in July. Also include any income you received in 2023-24 from employment overseas or any other income you get from abroad which is not covered by UK tax as well as any of
8.2	•		Your gross income means income before deductions from: • salary/wages; • overtime; • bonuses; and/or • commission. We require these figures for tax year 2023-24, normally this will be the year ending 5 April 2024, but this may differ if your employer or business has a tax year which doesn't end in April, or you start your course in July. Also include any income you received in 2023-24 from employment overseas or any other income you get from abroad which is not covered by UK tax as well as any of the benefits asked for.

• non-taxable income.

	Section 8 - financial details continued		
8.2	Gross income from salary or wages	(2)	 Evidence of your earnings can be: P60 for 2023-24; payslips for month 12 or week 53 showing 'Total paid to date' for earnings in the period 6 April 2023 to 5 April 2024; a letter from your employer confirming your earnings; or written details of all benefits in kind you receive.
8.3	Income from self-employment		Give the details shown on your self-assessment form for your trading year which ends during the period from 6 April 2023 to 5 April 2024. If you can't give us the amounts, you should give an estimate and write 'E' beside the amount on the form.
		•	 Evidence of your income from self employment can be: a photocopy of your self assessed tax return; or a letter from your accountant confirming your income. If you're a company director send: a photocopy of your P60; and/or a photocopy of your P11D; or independent confirmation of your earnings and director's fees from a chartered or certified accountant or HMRC.
8.4	Bank and building society gross interest	•	Evidence of your income from bank/building society gross interest can be: • bank or building society statements.
8.5	Other investment income	•	 Evidence of your income from other investments can be: bank or building society statements or annual statement of interest or dividend vouchers.

Section 8 - financ	Section 8 - financial details continued				
8.6 Income from property lettings or rent		vidence of your income from property, lettings or rent in be:			
		a photocopy of your self assessed tax return; or a letter from your accountant confirming your income.			
8.6.1 Rent a Room scheme	pr sc pe Re	e need to know how much of your income from operty, lettings or rent is through the Rent a Room sheme as any income from this scheme up to £7,500 er year is tax-free. This means any income from the ent a Room scheme under this threshold won't count a income for your student finance assessment.			
		vidence of your income from the Rent a Room scheme in be:			
		a photocopy of your self assessed tax return; or a letter from your accountant.			
8.7 Other income types	fol • 5 • 1 • 1 • 2 • 2 • 2 • 2 • 2 • 2 • 2 • 2 • 2 • 2	clude here any other income you have received, r example: state or personal pensions. For personal pensions, please send your P60 or a letter from your pension provider showing your pension payments during the period 6 April 2023 to 5 April 2024; scholarships, studentships, exhibitions, bursaries, awards, grants and allowances not already given above; other payments you receive for attending your course during the academic year; any payments from an employer releasing you for your study during the academic year. (Please read the note on academic years on page 20); any salary or wages that you will receive from your employer while you are studying for your course. This includes work you finish before the course begins, or work you are paid for in advance which you will do after your course ends; Pension Lump Sums, redundancy payments or compensation for loss of job. You only need to declare the amount you received that you paid tax on; fostering or boarding-out allowances where these are regular payments that foster carers receive to meet the cost of keeping a child; or for taxable benefits in kind please send your P11D.			

Section 8 - financial details continued

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- 8.7 Other income types
- If you've declared any other income types, you need to send us photocopies of evidence to confirm the total amount received during the 2023-24 tax year.

- 8.8 Dependent children
- You need to provide details of any child that you have parental responsibility for regardless of whether they are your or your partner's child.

Section 9 - your UK bank or building society account details

9.1 Bank details

Please check the following before completing your bank or building society details:

- the account is held in your name;
- · your account accepts BACS payments;
- it is a UK bank or building society;
- if giving details of a building society you may need to provide a roll number (check with your building society regarding this).

Section 10 - Terms and conditions

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Power of Attorney

If you cannot sign the form it must be signed on your behalf by your attorney. The Power of Attorney letter must be sent with the application before a signature from that attorney will be accepted. **(i)**

Change in your circumstances

You must notify the EA about any change in your circumstances which may affect the entitlement to financial support.

The most common changes of circumstance would be if:

- the student is absent from the course for more than 60 days for reasons related to illness;
- the student is absent for any length of time for reasons not related to illness (or for any other reason);
- the student leaves, abandons or is expelled from the course;
- the student stops attending the course and does not intend, or is not allowed, to return for the rest of the academic year;
- the student transfers to a different course at the same, or a different, university or college;
- the student transfers from a part-time to a full-time course;
- the student repeats part or all of a year of their course;
- the date of the start or end of the student's course changes;
- · the student's household income changes; or
- the student's marital status changes.